

### PRELIMINARY CONCEPTS

Joint Probability of X and Y is p(X,Y), probability that X and Y occur simultaneously
 If X, Y are independent,
 p(X, Y) = P(X)P(Y)

Conditional probability of X given Y, P(X|Y), is probability that X takes on a particular value given Y has a particular value

Conditional probability of Y given X P(Y|X), is probability that X takes on a particular value given Y has a particular value

# **RELATIONSHIP (BAYES THEOREM)**

P(X, Y) = P(X | Y) P(Y) = P(X) P(Y | X)or P(X | Y) = P(X, Y) / P(Y)P(Y | X) = P(X, Y) / P(X)

 $\succ$  if X, Y independent:

- P(X|Y) = P(X)
- P(Y|X)=P(Y)

#### JOINT ENTROPY

➤ H(X,Y)- Joint Entropy of X and Y(average uncertainty of the communication system as a whole) H(X,Y) = - ∑<sub>j=1</sub><sup>m</sup> ∑<sub>k=1</sub><sup>n</sup> p(x<sub>j</sub>, y<sub>k</sub>) log <sub>2</sub> p(x<sub>j</sub>, y<sub>k</sub>)

► H(X) - Entropy of the transmitter /Average uncertainty of the channel input Where  $H(X) = -\sum_{j=1}^{m} p(x_j) \log_2 p(x_j)$  $p(x_j) = \sum_{k=-1}^{n} p(x_j, y_k)$ 

> H(Y) - Entropy of the receiver / Average uncertainty of the channel output

$$H(Y) = -\sum_{k=1}^{n} p(y_k) \log_2 p(y_k)$$

Where

$$p(y_k) = \sum_{j=1}^{m} p(x_j, y_k)$$

## **CONDITIONAL ENTROPY**

- $\succ$  H(Y|X): average uncertainty about the channel output given that X was transmitted
  - It indicates how well one can recover the received symbols from the transmitted symbols
  - It gives a measure of error or noise

$$H(Y | X) = -\sum_{j=1}^{m} \sum_{k=1}^{n} p(x_j, y_k) \log_2 p(y_k | x_j)$$

ightarrow H(X|Y): average uncertainty about the channel input after the channel output has been observed

- It indicates how well one can recover the transmitted symbols from the received symbols
- ✤ It gives a measure of equivocation

$$H(X | Y) = -\sum_{j=1}^{m} \sum_{k=1}^{n} p(x_j, y_k) \log_2 p(x_j | y_k)$$

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RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN JOINT AND
CONDITIONAL ENTROPIES

  H(X,Y) = H(X|Y) + H(Y)

or

H(X|Y) = H(X,Y) - H(Y)

  H(X,Y) = H(Y|X) + H(X)
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or H(Y|X) = H(X,Y) - H(X)

➢ When X and Y are independent H(Y|X) =H(Y) and H(X|Y) =H(X)

#### PROBLEMS

A discrete source transmits messages  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$ ,  $x_3$  with probabilities 0.3,0.4 and 0.4 The source is connected to the channel given in figure. Calculate all the associated entropies



